

WEATHER
Tonight, fair, freezing; Tuesday, fair, warmer.

VOLUME XXI NUMBER 15

CAPITAL SEEKING MEANS TO MEET CITY OPERATION

Refusal of Voters to Add
Three-Mill Levy Leaves
City Small Fund

POLICE FORCE CUT

Firemen to Continue Service
Until July Budget
Is Obtained

(By the Associated Press)
OKLAHOMA CITY, March 31.—Whole measures of retrenchment were adopted today by the city government as a result of the refusal of voters Saturday to approve an additional 3-mill tax levy. The election was called after the state supreme court held that all city taxes in addition to 6 mills were illegal without special authorization by the voters.

Paring of the pay rolls of all departments was announced following a special meeting at noon of the city commissioners and mayor. Twenty-five policemen headed the discard list.

Members of the city fire department at a volunteer meeting at which every fire station in the city was represented agreed to serve without pay if necessary, during the remainder of the fiscal year.

Various boards and commissions either have been abolished or reduced to a minimum personnel.

The decision of the court left the city with only about \$75,000 on which to operate until July 1, the beginning of the new fiscal year.

Street lights which were switched off Saturday night as soon as the results of the election became known burned again last night. J. F. Owen, general manager of the Oklahoma Gas and Electric company, which furnishes the lights under contract with the city has asked attorneys for an opinion as to the legality of the contract under the circumstances and expressed a willingness to continue to furnish service and take a chance on suing the city later when funds were available.

Insurance men declared today that fire and burglary insurance rates probably will be advanced if the police and fire departments are cut seriously.

KERR STRIKES AT AID FOR GERMANS

Local Legion Commander
Points to Economy Talk
On Bonus Measure

Following on the heels of numerous protests of veterans and legion officials over the country against the action of the house of representatives of the National Congress in voting an appropriation of \$10,000,000 for the relief of suffering German children, Robert S. Kerr, local legion commander and National guard captain, expresses his views on the measure as follows:

"Come now an American Congress, just five years and four months removed from that fateful day when the beak and talons of the black eagle from beyond the Rhine were laid at the feet of him who came from the west, and votes to send ten million American dollars to alleviate a supposed condition of suffering in Germany."

Before the flesh has healed on the pitiful stubs that were formerly the right arms of Belgian boys, before the scars have gone from the bosoms of Belgian mothers whose breasts were mutilated and bruised by the cruel hand of Hessian soldiers, while one hundred thousand American mothers with eyes that never dry, whose trembling hands are outstretched towards each rising sun, dream of a stalwart form that sailed away into that sun only to find a place beneath the poppies and the site of an humble cross, and while those, three hundred thousand strong, who point with pride to the shattered limb or the sightless eye, patiently await the time when a government agency or honor and integrity will do that which a grateful people would be proud to do, a colossal dome in the Nation's capitol hides from the light of the sun the faces of those who would so soon forget.

"We would not care to live in a land of selfish men who never thought of the suffering of his neighbor nor the wants of his neighbor's child, but we do believe in the sense of the eternal fitness of things, and as long as the great and numerous class of German industrialists compare favorably as to wealth per capita with any people on the earth, we believe that they should care for the suffering in their own land."

"Surely that government which in 1914 launched its campaign for

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

ADA, OKLAHOMA, MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1924

All the News
While It Is News

FIVE CENTS THE COPY

Believe Reports of Huerta's Departure From Mexico True

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The report that Adolfo de la Huerta, revolutionary leader, had fled from Mexico was reported in today's consular dispatches from Progresso and state department officials were inclined to believe that the story was true.

The department's dispatch from Progresso said de la Huerta had gone either to Cuba or to Payo Obispo the border line of British Honduras.

Eight submarine chasers carrying commissioners of the de la Huerta movement, are said to have left Mexico for New Orleans.

Department officials indicated that they had no reason to doubt the accuracy of the report.

SHAWNEE TOLL AT EIGHT; NEED AID

Governor Trapp Asked to Issue Proclamation Calling for Aid

(By the Associated Press)

SHAWNEE, March 31.—The toll of the storm that struck here Friday remained at 8 today with three persons suffering from serious injuries.

A survey yesterday by city authorities and real estate men placed the property loss at approximately \$750,000. Between 165 and 175 homes were damaged or destroyed, the check revealed.

A telegram was sent to Governor Trapp today by the local chapter of the American Red Cross asking him to "call upon the people of Oklahoma through the Associated Press to come to the assistance of the victims."

The message stated that relief work had been turned over completely to the Red Cross and that funds were needed at once. The Red Cross already has contributed \$5,000 to the fund and the telegram stated that the administrative responsibility in connection with the use of the money contributed will be borne by the Red Cross from a separate fund.

The governor was asked to issue a proclamation immediately. No indication was given as to the amount of money needed. Funds should be sent to the American Red Cross Disaster Relief committee, according to the message.

"SHUT INS" PAID VISIT BY CHURCH

Communion Carried to Christian Church Members Confined by Sickness

Sunday afternoon the elders of the First Christian church carried the Communion to those of their number who have been shut in doors for some time and unable to attend the services at the church on account of sickness, age or other confinement in doors.

There was a large audience out to hear the preaching at both the morning and evening hours. Sunday night the minister discussed the subject "What the Bible Teaches About Music." It was a thorough discussion of most of the Biblical references to music, especially instrumental music in the worship of God. In addition to the Biblical teaching on instrumental music, he cited every church History and Encyclopedia in popular use as proof of the fact that instrumental music was used in the temple and all Jewish worship and was continued into Christianity. To the objector who says the use of instrumental music is a test of Christian fellowship, unchristianizing them, was the cause of division and not the harmless instrument.

TWENTY-EIGHT DROPPED FROM HIGHWAY BOARD

(By the Associated Press)

OKLAHOMA CITY, March 31.—Twenty-eight employees of the state highway department were dismissed today by the state board of highway commissioners. The action was in conformity with the announcement already made when the board took office recently that a reduction of 20 per cent in the personnel would be affected.

MARRIAGE-DIVORCE RACE DRAWS USUAL NUMBERS

The marriage-divorce sweepstakes drew into old form at the close of this month, with 22 heading the marriage list and 12 petitioning for a permanent relief from the bonds.

Only the list of divorce petitions show a substantial gain over the reports of last months, only nine seeking to break the bonds during February.

Let a News Want Ad get it.

Twenty-Eight Now Entered In Record Democratic Race

By John T. Lewing, JR.
(Central Press Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, March 30—In the plans being made for the Democratic national convention to be held in New York early in July, provision is being made for a session continuing a number of days. Where Republicans are expecting their confab to be short and snappy the Democrats are looking forward to a long drawn out, much tangled affair.

The latest count shows 28 avowed or receptive aspirants for the Democratic nomination for president. No doubt there will be other active hopefuls on the stage before the convention show begins. This is the largest field ever to gather in a race for presidential nomination.

Among the latest entries are Mayor William E. Dever of Chicago; Governor John M. Parker of Louisiana; Homer S. Cummings, former chairman of the Democratic national committee; Governor William E. Sweet of Colorado, and Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas.

No less than 23 states have Democratic presidential aspirants. Here is the list.

Alabama—Senator Oscar W. Underwood,
Arkansas—Senator Joseph T. Robinson;
California—William G. McAdoo;
Colorado—Governor William E. Sweet;

Connecticut—Homer S. Cummings, former chairman of the Democratic national committee;

Florida—William Jennings Bryan (Mr. Bryan has announced he would accept the nomination if drafted).

Illinois—Mayor William E. Dever of Chicago.

Indiana—Senator Samuel M. Ralston and former Vice President Thomas R. Marshall;

Iowa—E. T. Meredith, former secretary of agriculture.

Kansas—Governor Jonathon M. Davis;

Louisiana—Governor John M. Parker.

Maryland—Governor Albert C. Ritchie;

Missouri—Senator James A. Reed.

Montana—Senator Thomas Walsh and Senator Burton K. Wheeler.

Nebraska—Governor Charles W. Bryan.

NEW OFFENSIVE NOW ON SECRETARY MELLON

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The attack in the senate on Secretary Mellon opened today with Senator McKellar, Democrat, Tennessee, introduced a resolution calling for an investigation of Mr. Mellon's legal right to hold office and met resistance from organized Republicans.

Senator Reed, Republican, Pennsylvania, informed the senate that the legal question raised by the resolution had been considered fully before Mr. Mellon accepted the cabinet position.

WASHINGTON, March 31 A new offensive in the senate against President Coolidge's cabinet directed this time against Secretary Mellon, gathered momentum while the committee investigating the internal revenue bureau resumed its examination of tax records of companies in which Secretary Mellon was interested.

Senator Keller, Democrat, Tennessee, was prepared to press for action on the resolution which he introduced Friday calling for the investigation by a special committee of Mr. Mellon's legal qualifications to act as secretary of the treasury.

Senator Wadsworth, Republican, New York, blocked consideration of the proposal Friday and it went over until today under the rules.

No disposition was shown by the Republican leaders, however, to oppose the adoption of the resolution.



Above: Homer S. Cummings (left) and William E. Dever. Below: Joseph Robinson (left) and John M. Parker.

New Jersey—Governor George S. Sizer.

New York—Governor Alfred E. Smith, Senator Royal S. Copeland, William Randolph Hearst, publisher, and David F. Houston, former secretary of the treasury;

North Carolina—Josephus Daniels, former secretary of the Navy;

Ohio—James M. Cox, the nominee in 1920;

Tennessee—Cordell Hull, congressman and chairman of the Democratic National committee;

Texas—Governor Pat M. Neff;

Virginia—Senator Carter M.

Glass:

West Virginia—James W. Davis former ambassador to Great Britain. It is felt here that every one of the twenty-six mentioned will receive at least a few votes in the convention, particularly, if, as expected, a deadlock should result.

Mr. McAdoo, Governor Smith and Senator Underwood are expected to be the leading candidates on the early ballots.

Other candidates whom it is believed will be placed in nomination and to get at least some votes from their home states

(Continued on Page Four)

Sinclair Indicted

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Harry F. Sinclair, lessee of Teapot Dome, was indicted by a federal grand jury today on contempt charges growing out of his refusal to testify before the senate oil committee.

WASHINGTON, March 31—The wealth of the nation is \$320,803,862,002, more than half of which is real property and improvements.

The per capita wealth is \$2,918.

Statistics of the country's wealth as of December 31, 1922, issued today by the census bureau revealed that the total wealth increased 72.2 per cent and per capita wealth 49.6 per cent in the 10 years from 1912. All classes of property increased in value in the decade except livestock which decreased 6.9 per cent to \$5,807,104,000. The increase in money values of other classes of property, the census bureau officials said, was due to a large extent to the rise in prices in recent years and so far as that is the case they did not represent corresponding increases in the quantity of wealth.

The wealth of Oklahoma was estimated at \$3,993,524,000 an increase of 29.5 per cent over the 1912 figures. The per capita wealth of the state was placed at \$1,864, an increase of 12 per cent.

WASHINGTON, March 31—Two days ago before the Daugherty investigating committee met behind closed doors today—preparation for a quick windup now that the central figure of the inquiry is out of office, or switch attention from its conduct of relationship to an examination of war frauds, anti-trust and other phases of the work of the department of justice.

The latter course appeared last night to be favored by most of the committee members. Senator Wheeler, Democrat, Montana, prosecutor of the inquiry, expressed this view, explaining that the "object would be to clear up the situation for the new attorney general."

President Coolidge meanwhile went forward with a survey of the situation with a view to selecting a new attorney general. It is understood that he has not settled upon any individual among the numerous names suggested for the appointment.

POLICE MEMBERS AND NOT
FIREMEN DUE CREDIT

With the intention of paying compliment where it is deserved, officers of the W. C. T. U. call attention to an error in a recent news article mentioning the fire department had presented the organization with a chair for their club rooms. The chair was presented by members of the police department.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

Notice Masons.

Call for communication for work in the Master Degree. All visiting brethren welcome.

E. C. Peay, W. M.

Buy it—

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

Established in 1904
Wm. Dee Little, Editor
Published Every Evening, Except Saturday and Sunday Morning
at Ada, Oklahoma
By the News Publishing and Printing Co.

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

By Carrier, per week	15c
By Carrier, per month	50c
By Mail, per month	50c
One Year, in advance	\$5.00

THE ADA WEEKLY NEWS

Published Every Thursday, at per year \$1.00

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for re-publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

Entered at the postoffice at Ada, Oklahoma, as second class mail matter

Telephones: Business Office, 4. Editorial Department, 307



BIBLE THOUGHT FOR TODAY

LOVE NOT THE WORLD, neither the things that are in the world. If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him.—1 John 2:15.

THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA.

Today marks the fifty-seventh anniversary of the purchase of Alaska by the United States. It is said that the real reason for the purchase was to pay Russia for support during the civil war when France and England were thought to be on the point of recognizing the Confederacy. Russia was a loyal friend to the Union and some have said that it was her influence that prevented the recognition and that the presence of a Russian fleet in American waters to back up the Russian stand turned the scales against the Confederacy. At all events some way had to be found to pay Russia and as Alaska was worthless to that country it was agreed that the United States should pay Russia the sum of \$7,200,000 and get Alaska in the bargain.

The government was severely criticized by the press and public since no one could see how Alaska could ever be of value to the United States. However, time has proved that this country made a remarkably good trade. With the seal herds, fisheries, mines and other resources "Uncle Sam's Ice Chest" has assumed an importance undreamed of in the days of Secretary Seward who negotiated the treaty and as yet these natural resources have been scarcely touched.

Alaska bids fair to become a thriving territory in time and had President Harding lived to make use of the information he gained on his trip it is probable that the new era would have dawned much more quickly than it will now.

The lack of interest in important public matters was well illustrated Saturday in the special election held in Oklahoma City on the question authorizing an additional three mill tax with which to run the city government. We do not presume to judge whether the levy was needed or not; the striking point being that only about one-fourth of the voters registered their judgment one way or the other. This frequently happens and then people wonder why public business is not carried on more efficiently. When the people are fully alive to their own interest and how public business is conducted they generally get results.

The Tulsa city builders have always been boosters first and politicians afterwards. A case in point occurred a few days ago when the Republican campaign committee issued a circular charging that under the Democratic administration building operations in the city had declined. Immediately the real estate organization of the city met and issued a refutation of the charge. Doubtless a number of the real estate men were Republicans but they would not stand for any party to charge that the city was on the decline no matter who was in power.

Tomorrow will be election day in Ada and although only two contests are to be settled, every voter should take time to express his or her choice. People too often are content to let public business drift along, since what is everybody's business is nobody's business. We are all interested in the conduct of our city government and administration of our schools, hence one and all should turn out sometime between 6 a. m. and 7 p. m. and vote.

So far as the records show, Izaak Walton and the Izaak Walton league of Oklahoma are in no wise related to Jack Walton and his league, the first named gentleman having been an enthusiastic advocate of the art of fishing and the league that bears his name being made up of devotees of this sport.

Now that radio has become an every day reality the next step is to transmit power without wires. Nikola Tesla, one of the electrical wizards of the age, says he has already demonstrated that this can be done and he predicts that in the near future this system will be in general use. Sounds a little far fetched but no more so than hundreds of others we have seen come to pass in recent years.

According to a bulletin issued by the Seminole County Petroleum Bureau, there are now 44 producing wells in the Wewoka pool and the daily average production for the week ending March 25 was 8,461 barrels. That sounds like business and means that Wewoka will soon be spreading over more of the map than hitherto.

March is going out very much as it came in, like neither the lion nor the lamb but rather between the two extremes. The lion has held sway most of the month, however.

If one wants a book that will keep him occupied for sometime to come we can recommend the transcript of proceedings in the Walton case. It contains 2,051 pages.

Let a NEWS WANT AD get it for you.

"BEN, BEN, BROTHER BEN, SHOT AT A CROW AND HIT A HEN!"



The Evening Press

The Guiding Hand

A monkey almost strangled Cromwell to death when he was a baby in the cradle. For a few moments, until he was discovered and driven away, that ape held the destiny of nations in his hairy paws. How do you explain it?

Important events of the world and our own lives often hinge on such petty little details that an observer is baffled to explain.

Napoleon might have won Waterloo if a rain had not mired his artillery.

Mohammed, pursued by enemies, hid in a cave in Mount Shur. A spider promptly spun a web across the cave's entrance. Seeing the web, the pursuers reasoned that no one could have entered without breaking the silken threads. They passed on. Mohammed escaped. That spider determined the religious belief of billions of people later. The same cave-spiderweb story, by the way, is told about other historical characters—borrowed from Mohammed.

If Cleopatra's nose had been shorter, the condition of the world would have been different. So wrote Pascal in his epigrams. Her beauty made her one of the most powerful women that ever lived.

A small boy in church, watched a chandelier swaying back and forth and conceived the idea of the pendulum.

Luther might have been a lawyer if a terrific rainstorm had not prevented him from keeping an appointment with a friend.

Giotto, one of the early Florentine painters, might have continued a shepherd boy if a sheep drawn by him on a stone had not happened to attract the attention of a great artist, Cimabue, who fired Giotto with ambition.

Nearly everybody believes in luck to some extent. If they didn't games of chance like cards would be entirely displaced by games of skill like chess. Ambition is kept alive and nurtured by hope. And hope is lured on by a belief, whether admitted or denied, that luck will bring opportunity and fortune.

Luck, after all, is simply the popular way of expressing success or failure under the scientific laws of chance or probabilities. These laws are mathematical. Gamblers use them. Insurance rates are based on them.

But most of us cannot accept chance as a satisfactory explanation of such crucial incidents as baby Cromwell escaping death at the monkey's hands. Fundamentally, most of us have faith that the guiding hand of Providence is back of it all.—Tulsa Tribune.

Education in Nuevo Leon enjoys enviable record

MONTEREY, Mexico.—Fifty new schools have been established in the state of Nuevo Leon during the last 12 months, and are being maintained with funds from the Ministry of Education of the Federal government. All of these educational centers devote their efforts to teaching the elementary basis of knowledge in the rural districts.

Nuevo Leon is the most highly cultured entity of the Mexican federation, as there is only six percent of the population that does not know how to read and write, whereas there are other territories such as the state of Michoacan, in the central part of the country, where figures show the number of illiterates to be 98 per cent, with only four per cent of educated folks.

Let a NEWS WANT AD get it for you.

"THE STEADFAST HEART" AT AMERICAN THEATRE

An interesting event of the film season will be the showing of the much talked of picture, "The Steadfast Heart," from Clarence Budington Kelland's story of the same name at the American Theatre for two days, beginning today.

The Distinctive Picture Corporation, producers of the film, have assembled a remarkable strong cast for this picture including, as it does, Marguerite Courtot, Joseph Striker, Joey Depew, Miriam Battista, William B. Mack, Hugh Huntley, Mary Alden, Sherry Tansey, Jerry Devine and many others.

Marguerite Courtot will be remembered for her excellent work in "Down to the Sea in Ships."

Joseph Striker is regarded as one of the handsomest young men in pictures. Hugh Huntley is one of the most popular of all screen actors. His most recent appearance was in "The Famous Mrs. Fair." William B. Mack has long been recognized as one of America's very greatest actors, his career dating back to the days of the famous Daly Stock Company. Mary Alden had one of the principal roles in "The Birth of a Nation."

Joey Depew, Sherry Tansey, Jerry Devine and Miriam Battista make up a quartette of the exceedingly well-known juvenile actors. Every one of them has been starred at some time or another and all have appeared in great productions.

The story of "The Steadfast Heart," dealing with a struggle against criminal environment, is a thoroughly inspiring one. It has innumerable dramatic situations, considerable comedy and many human touches, according to advice from those who have seen it.

Real Silk Scarce in Germany

(By the Associated Press)

BERLIN, March 30.—Women shoppers say real silk has become very scarce in Germany, chiefly because of import restrictions.

As a consequence there has developed such an enormous demand for artificial silk that wholesalers assert they have orders on hand from German trade alone which will take the manufacturers four months to fill.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

The News is authorized to announce the following candidates, subject to the Democratic Primary, August 5, 1924.

For Sheriff:

A. C. (AL) LABORS

W. B. WALKER

For County Commissioner Dist. 1

W. H. BRUMLEY

H. CLAY STEPHENS

For Commissioner District No. 2.

C. J. (Charles) LASEMAN.

For Commissioner, District No. 3:

BOB BROOKS.

For County Superintendent of Public Instruction:

MRS. PARRIE BRITT

For County Treasurer:

ALBERT CHAMBERLAIN.

CITY OFFICES APRIL 1

For Mayor—

SOMER JONES

For Commissioner of Accounting and Finance:

CHARLEY DEAVERS, Re-election

For Commissioner of Public Works and Property:

WALTER S. SMITH

HENRY KROTH

Grace McKeel, Mrs. C. S. Bullock were hostesses. The study was along educational lines. Madames Cusenberry, Bullock and Alvis are a committee to formulate plans in regard to illiteracy.

Miss Dorothy Crumley is on the Friday evenings program as pianist with measles but is some better.

The Schubert Quartet, composed of Misses Geneva Heathman, Josephine Bullock, Viola Watson, Velma Gray, will give a musical Monday evening at Kingston. This quarter will enter the contest to be held in Ada soon.

Masters Kenneth Braselton and Maurice Reese are absent from school this week on account of measles.

The Federated Missionary Society will meet at Christian church Monday afternoon.

The Seniors went on a hike Thursday afternoon to the city lake, the Sophomores were invited.

The Juniors went on a picnic Thursday evening.

GENEVA J. HEATHMAN, Reporter

MRS. BRALEY SECRETARY OF STATE P. T. ASS'N

PERRY.—Resolutions endorsing the campaign to eliminate illiteracy in Oklahoma, favoring statewide establishment of kindergartens at public expense, better moving pictures by educational methods, and advocating the reading of the Bible in the schools were passed at the closing session of the state convention of the Parent-Teachers' Association here Saturday.

Officers for the year were re-elected at the session Saturday. They are: J. P. Slaughter, Oklahoma City, president; Mrs. P. W. Z. German, Tulsa, vice-president; Mrs. E. E. Nelson, Oklahoma City corresponding secretary; Mrs. Leonard Braly, Ada, recording secretary; Mrs. Earl Foster, Muskogee, treasurer, and Mrs. J. C. Early, Oklahoma City, historian.

Three new offices were created. The offices and those elected to fill them are: Vice-president-at-large, Mrs. H. W. Cheek, Marietta; reporter, Mrs. W. L. Hounts, Alva, and editor, J. O. Vernon, Mounds.

Americans Few in Brazil

RIO DE JANEIRO.—There are 3,439 American citizens living in Brazil, according to official statistics just published here. The American colony is one of the smallest, despite the fact that Brazil does more business with the United States than with any other country.

YEAGAR Law, how this bad weather gives me the blues.

There is considerable sickness, such as bad colds and some measles.

Charlie Potter has been quite sick with measles but is some better.

Mr. Bell is reported some better at this writing.

Earlin Haskins visited home

folks of Summers Saturday night and Sunday.

Arch Cosby and family visited their daughter at Seven Shooter this week.

School was lightly attended last week on account of the bad weather.

W. C. Wright had the bad luck to lose his fine good work horse Saturday evening.

Mr. James and family were the guests of Mr. Light Sunday.

John Shultz Sunday.

Mr. Tucker and family were the guests of W. C. Light.

Mr. Gentry and family were the Sunday night guests of Will Jervis and family.

Daisy Ledford returned home Sunday after a three weeks visit with her aunt, Mrs. Jervis.

The school board meet Thursday for the purpose of slogging up for the free text books.

Be Up and Going!

DO NOT be one of the tired, weak and listless millions that are searching for health and energy. Don't let jangling nerves, loss of sleep, or general run-down condition rob you of happiness when it is so easy to be up and going. If your wife or some one in your family is not feeling well, properly give Dr. Shoop's 35-year-old RESTORATIVE prescription a chance to improve your condition. Yielding amazing strength and strength to the vital nerves controlling the action of the vital organs—this proven remedy has benefited thousands who suffered from ailments arising from sluggishness in these organs. RESTORATIVE may be just what you need to tone up the nervous system and restore your energy. Why not try it? Your favorite druggist has it in stock—re compounded for your convenience. Dr. Shoop Laboratories, Racine, Wis.

Dr. Shoop's RESTORATIVE THE GREAT NERVE TONIC Liquid or Tablets \$1.00

ROFF

MISS GENEVA J. HEATHMAN, Reporter

Those enjoying the Little Symphony Orchestra were: Miss Katherine Pickens, Miss Chlorine Smith, Miss Francis Pickens, Miss Pauline Givens, Miss Geneva Heathman, Mrs. Joe Heathman, Mrs. Robert Johns, Mr. B. R. Stubbs.

Miss Grace McKeel attended the Little Symphony Orchestra Friday returning to Roff Sunday.

Contestants are preparing for tennis tournament to be held in Ada soon.

Sunday night the Seniors removed the Juniors' name on the stand pipe and placed their own upon it.

Mrs. George A. Alvis will attend the district federation this week, Mrs. Alvis is district secretary.

The Civic League met at the residence of Mrs. A. L. P. Lock Tuesday. Mrs. J. M. Heathman, Miss

S.S.S. keeps away Pimples

THERE are thousands of women

In the Days of Poor Richard

By IRVING BACHELLER

Copyright by Irving Bacheller

SYNOPSIS

CHAPTER I.—Solomon Binkus, veteran scout and interpreter, and his young companion, Jack Irons, passing through Horse Valley, New York, in September, 1768, to warn settlers of Indians' uprising, rescue from a band of redskins the wife and daughter of Colonel Hare of England. Jack and Margaret fall in love. On reaching Fort St. Louis, Colonel Hare says both are too young to marry, though they are in the same mind after one year. He will ask Jack to come to London. The Hare family sail for England, and the Irons family move to Albany.

CHAPTER II.—Unrest grows in the colonies because of the oppressive measures of the English government. Solomon and Jack visit Boston and witness fight between a band of British soldiers led by Captain Preston and a band of colonists. Later they return to Boston to testify in Preston's behalf.

CHAPTER III.—In November, 1770, Jack goes to Philadelphia and works in Benjamin Franklin's printing plant. Nearly three years later Margaret writes him from London reminding him that her youth is passing and saying she has appealed to Doctor Franklin. Doctor Franklin received a letter from Washington to be carried across the ocean, and Jack sails with him.

CHAPTER IV.—Arriving in England, Binkus is arrested, but Jack has the letter and proceeds to London.

CHAPTER V.—Jack delivers the papers to Franklin in London. Binkus is released and joins them in the great city.

CHAPTER VI.—Jack and Margaret meet and are more in love than ever, but Colonel Hare is not eager for the marriage.

"Suddenly Solomon arrived. Of course where Solomon is, one would expect solecisms. They were not wanting. I had not tried to prepare him for the ordeal. Solomon is bound to be himself wherever he is, and why not? There is no better man living."

"You're as purty as a golden robin," he said to Margaret, shaking her hand in his big one.

"He was not so much put out as I thought he would be. I never saw a gentler man with women. As hard as iron in a fight, there has always been a curious vein of chivalry in the old scout. He stood and joked with the girl, in his old fashion, and set us all laughing. Margaret and her mother enjoyed his talk and spoke of it often, after that.

"I dressed and went to dine with the Hares that evening. They lived in a large house on a fashionable 'road' as certain of the streets were called. It was a typical upper class, English home. There were many fine old things in it but no bright colors, nothing to dazzle or astonish you like the wooden Indian in war paint and feathers and the stuffed bear and high colored rugs in the parlor of Mr. Gosport in Philadelphia. Every piece of furniture was like the quiet, still-footed servants who came and went making the smallest possible demand upon your attention.

"I was shown into the library where Sir Benjamin sat alone reading a newspaper. He greeted me politely.

"The news is disquieting," he said presently. "What have you to tell us of the situation in America?"

"It is critical," I answered. "It can be mended, however, if the government will act promptly."

"What should it do?"

"Make concessions, sir, stop shipping tea for a time. Don't try to force an export with a duty on it. I think the government should not shake the mailed fist at us."

"But think of the violence and the destruction of property!"

"All that will abate and disappear if the cause is removed. We, who keep our affection for England, have done our best to hold the passions of the people in check, but we get no help from this side of the ocean."

"Sir Benjamin sat thoughtfully, feeling his silvered mustache. He had grown stouter and fuller-faced since we had parted in Albany when he had looked like a prosperous, well-bred merchant in military dress and had been limbered and soiled by knocking about in the bush. Now he wore a white wig and ruffles and looked as dignified as a Tory magistrate."

"In the moment of silence I mustered up my courage and spoke out."

"Sir, Benjamin," I said. "I have come to claim your daughter under the promise you gave me at Fort Stanwix. I have not ceased to love her and if she continues to love me I am sure that our wishes will have your favor and blessing."

"I have not forgotten the promise," he said. "But America has changed, it is likely to be a hotbed of rebellion—perhaps even the scene of a bloody war. I must consider my daughter's happiness."

"Conditions in America, sir, are not so bad as you take them to be," I assured him.

"I hope you are right," he answered. "I am told that the whole matter rests with your Doctor Franklin. If we are to go on from bad to worse he will be responsible."

"If it rests with him I can assure you, sir, that our troubles will end; I said, looking only at the surface of the matter and speaking confidently."

Buy it—rent it—sell it—find it with a NEWS want ad.

out of the bottomless pit of my inexperience as the young are like to do.

"I believe you are right," he declared and went on with a smile. "Now, my young friend, the girl has a notion that she loves you. I am aware of that—so are you? I happen to know, through Doctor Franklin's influence we have allowed her to receive your letters and to answer them. I have no doubt of your sincerity, or hers, but I did not foresee what has come to pass. She is our only child and you can scarcely blame me if I balk at a marriage which promises to turn her away from us and fill our family with dissension."

"May we not respect each other and disagree in politics? I asked.

"In politics, yes, but not in war. I begin to see danger of war and that is full of the bitterness of death. If Doctor Franklin will do what he can to re-establish loyalty and order in the colonies my fear will be removed and I shall welcome you to my family."

"I began to show a glint of intelligence and said: 'If the ministers will co-operate it will not be difficult.'

"The ministers will do anything it is in their power to do."

"Then the timely entrance of Margaret and her mother.

"I suppose that I shall shock my father but I cannot help it," said the girl as she kissed me.

"You may be sure that I had my part in that game. She stood beside me, her arm around my waist and mine around her shoulders."

"Father, can you blame me for loving this big, splendid hero who saved us from the Indians and the bandits? It is unlike you to be such a hardened wretch. But for him you would have neither wife nor daughter."

"She put it on thick but I held my peace as I have done many a time in the presence of a woman's cunning. Anyhow, she is apt to believe herself and in a matter of the heart can find her way through difficulties which would appall a man."

"Keep yourself in bounds, my daughter," her father answered.

CHAPTER VII.—Jack delivers the papers to Franklin in London. Binkus is released and joins them in the great city.

CHAPTER VIII.—The Dawn.

Franklin, whom Jack saw the next day, liked not the attitude of the baronet.

"He is one of the king's men on the big chess board," said the old philosopher. "All that he said to you has the sound of strategy. I have reason to believe that they are trying to tow us into port and Margaret is only one of many ropes. Hare's attitude is not that of an honest man."

Only three days before the philosopher had had a talk with North at the urgent request of Howe, who, to his credit, was eager for reconciliation. The king's friend and minister was contemptuous.

"I am quite indifferent to war," he had cynically declared at last. "The confessions it would produce will provide for many of our friends."

It was an astonishing bit of frankness.

"I take this opportunity of assuring your lordship that for all the property you seize or destroy in America, you will pay to the last farthing," said Franklin.

This treatment was like that he had received from other members of the government since the unfortunate publication of the Hutchinson, Rogers and Oliver letters. They seemed to entertain the notion that he had forfeited the respect due a gentleman.

A few days after Franklin had given air to his suspicion that the government party would try to tow him into port three stout British ships had broken their cables on him. An invitation not likely to be received by one who had really forfeited the respect of gentlemen was in his hands. The shrewd philosopher did not think twice about it. He knew that here was the first step in a change of tactics. He could not properly decline to accept it and so he went to dine and spend the night with a more distinguished company at the country seat of Lord Howe.

Some of the best people were there—Lord and Lady Cathcart, Lord and

Lady Hyde, Lord and Lady Dartmouth, Sir William Erskine, Sir Henry Clinton, Sir James Baird, Sir Benjamin Hare and their ladies were also present. Doctor Franklin said that the punch was calculated to promote cheerfulness and high sentiment. As was the custom at like functions, the ladies sat together at one end of the table, Franklin being seated at the right of Lady Howe, who was most gracious and entertaining. The first toast was to the venerable philosopher.

The dinner over, Lady Howe conducted Doctor Franklin to the library, where she asked him to sit down. There were no other persons in the room. She sat near him and began to speak of the misfortunes of the colony of Massachusetts Bay.

Lord Howe joined them in a moment. He was most polite.

"I am sensible of the fact that you have been mistreated by the ministry," he said. "I have not approved of their conduct. I am unconnected with those men save through personal friendships. My zeal for the public welfare is my only excuse for asking you to open your mind. The plan is now to send a commission to the colonies, as you have urged."

Then said Lady Howe: "I wish, my brother Franklin, that you were to be sent thither. I should like that much better than General Howe's going to command the army there."

A rather tense moment followed. Franklin broke its silence by saying in a gentle tone:

"I think, madame, they should provide the general with more honorable employment. I beg that your ladyship will not misjudge me. I am not capable of taking an office from this government while it is acting with so much hostility toward my country."

"The ministers have the opinion that you can compose the situation if you will," Lord Howe declared. "Many of us have unbounded faith in your ability. I would not think of trying to influence your judgment by a selfish motive, but certainly you may, with reason, expect any reward which it is in the power of the government to bestow."

Then came an answer which should live in history, as one of the great credits of human nature, and all men, especially those of English blood, should feel a certain pride in it. The answer was:

"Your lordship, I am not looking for rewards, but only for justice."

"Let us try to agree as to what is the justice of the matter," Howe answered. "Will you not draft a plan on which you would be willing to cooperate?"

"That I will be glad to do."

Persisting in his misjudgment, Howe suggested:

"As you have friends here and constituents in America to keep well with, perhaps it would better not be in your handwriting. Send it to Lady Howe and she will copy it and return the original."

(Continued Tomorrow)

Wolves Chase Alsace Skiers



know his merits and should like to see you married and hope to, but I must ask you to be patient until you can go to a loyal colony with your husband."

"It was a pleasant dinner through which they kept me telling of my adventures in the bush. Save the immediate family only Mrs. Biggars, a sister of Lady Hare, and a young nephew of Sir Benjamin were at the table."

CHAPTER VIII.—The Dawn.

Franklin, whom Jack saw the next day, liked not the attitude of the baronet.

"He is one of the king's men on the big chess board," said the old philosopher. "All that he said to you has the sound of strategy. I have reason to believe that they are trying to tow us into port and Margaret is only one of many ropes. Hare's attitude is not that of an honest man."

Only three days before the philosopher had had a talk with North at the urgent request of Howe, who, to his credit, was eager for reconciliation. The king's friend and minister was contemptuous.

"I am quite indifferent to war," he had cynically declared at last. "The confessions it would produce will provide for many of our friends."

It was an astonishing bit of frankness.

"I take this opportunity of assuring your lordship that for all the property you seize or destroy in America, you will pay to the last farthing," said Franklin.

This treatment was like that he had received from other members of the government since the unfortunate publication of the Hutchinson, Rogers and Oliver letters. They seemed to entertain the notion that he had forfeited the respect due a gentleman.

A few days after Franklin had given air to his suspicion that the government party would try to tow him into port three stout British ships had broken their cables on him. An invitation not likely to be received by one who had really forfeited the respect of gentlemen was in his hands. The shrewd philosopher did not think twice about it. He knew that here was the first step in a change of tactics. He could not properly decline to accept it and so he went to dine and spend the night with a more distinguished company at the country seat of Lord Howe.

Some of the best people were there—Lord and Lady Cathcart, Lord and

Kerry Cow Makes Milk Record

(By the Associated Press)

LONDON.—Gert Curly, 9th, a Kerry cow, has produced 11,933 pounds of milk in 46 weeks. This is more than 13 times her own weight. In the spring of 1921 a Kerry produced 11,396 pounds, which was said at that time to be a world's record for a cow of her size.

Pauls Valley—Rev. Thomas P. Haskins has resigned the pastorate of the First Baptist church of this place.

Three days before the philosopher had had a talk with North at the urgent request of Howe, who, to his credit, was eager for reconciliation. The king's friend and minister was contemptuous.

"I am quite indifferent to war," he had cynically declared at last. "The confessions it would produce will provide for many of our friends."

It was an astonishing bit of frankness.

"I take this opportunity of assuring your lordship that for all the property you seize or destroy in America, you will pay to the last farthing," said Franklin.

This treatment was like that he had received from other members of the government since the unfortunate publication of the Hutchinson, Rogers and Oliver letters. They seemed to entertain the notion that he had forfeited the respect due a gentleman.

A few days after Franklin had given air to his suspicion that the government party would try to tow him into port three stout British ships had broken their cables on him. An invitation not likely to be received by one who had really forfeited the respect of gentlemen was in his hands. The shrewd philosopher did not think twice about it. He knew that here was the first step in a change of tactics. He could not properly decline to accept it and so he went to dine and spend the night with a more distinguished company at the country seat of Lord Howe.

Some of the best people were there—Lord and Lady Cathcart, Lord and

OIL NEWS

The McDougal well in section 20-6n-7e, just across the river in Seminole county, got the gas sand at 2660 feet Sunday afternoon and is making three million feet with the sand only touched. Some oil is in the gas. It will be drilled in within two or three days, as soon as the hole can be put in shape.

Mr. McDougal is on the ground today in conference with the officials of the Bison Development company, an Ada drilling company, who drilled the hole.

C. J. Skirvin, head of the development company, today said the well is equally as good if not better than the Slick well which got the sand at 2212 feet in section 25-6-6.

The 6-inch casing was set at 2500 feet and the rest of the hole is open.

This makes the second large gasser in that part of the Ada oil and gas fields, being in the southern end of Seminole county and near the city of Sasawa. It extends over a mile and a half to the east.

The Hughes well in section 28-4-7, seven miles east of Ada, appears to be a paying gasser at 500 feet. Without proper equipment, a test shows one and a half million cubic feet production a day. However, with the caving that are in the hole it is impossible to determine the exact size, but those in charge say it will easily make three million feet a day.

This is the strongest flow of gas for the depth yet encountered in the county. Just what sand it is the operators do not attempt to say. It is about the depth of the Steedman sand, but the Steedman sand carried oil and no gas.

The gas is encouraging and Mr. Hughes and his associates feel that the lower sands will bear oil in large quantities.

The road is just south of the Ada-Steedman road, about two miles beyond the gravelled road.

*

Emigrants Crowd Hamburg Docks.

(By the Associated Press)

HAMBURG—Hamburg has become the gateway to North and South America for the travelers of eastern European states. According to emigration statistics, 82,400 persons passed through Hamburg last year bound for the United States and 50,300 for South American countries. All told 136,118 persons embarked from here last year, or about 51 percent more than during 1922. Of these 73,000 were Germans, the others being from the various countries of eastern Europe.

Pauls Valley—The Garvin county fair will be held September 11, 12, and 13.

*

Gaussian Peasants in Terror

Over Prophecy of New Blood

(By the Associated Press)

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Is White-Washed And Mutt Is Sitting Pretty, Thandks to Jeff.

By Bud Fisher



OVERCOATS--Light Weight and Color for Spring



The price of advertising under this head is 1½ cents a word a day, with a minimum charge of 25 cents. If run by the month, the rate is \$1.25 a line. Except for those who run regular monthly advertising accounts, all classified advertisements must be paid for when given in.

FOR RENT

WANTED

FOR RENT—Two farms east and west of Ada.—V. Younts. 3-27-41*

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms. Phone 1008-W. 3-28-61*

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms. Call 954. 3-28-31*

FOR RENT—Two nice apartments close in, good rates. 423 East 9th Phone 710. 3-30-31*

FOR RENT—Cheap, light housekeeping rooms, 812 E. 13th. Phone 466-W. 3-30-21*

FOR RENT—One light housekeeping rooms, 2 blocks of College. 800 East 10th. Phone 121. 3-30-21*

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms. 831 East 15th. Phone 176-J. 3-30-31*

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms to small family. 531 East 6th. Phone 834-W. 3-30-31*

FOR RENT—Bed room, private entrance, close in, for gentlemen. Phone 657 after 6. 3-27-61*

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bed rooms, 301 East 13th. Phone 838-Mrs. Holmes. 3-27-1mo*

FOR RENT—Modern apartments, 217 East 15th. Phone 6911. 3-26-1m*

FOR RENT—Five room modern house with garage. Call Gene West 946. 3-31-21*

FOR RENT—5 room bungalow, 1017 Highschool Ave., to small family. Phone 361-W. 3-31-31*

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished two room apartment, one block south of postoffice. Phone 922-W. Mrs. Wicks, 123 West 13th. 3-31-21*

FOR RENT—3 room house, good well, 30 acres land, just west of Cement plant. \$50 per year or \$6 per month. Phone 1102-W. 3-31-61*

FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping, 323 North Stonewall Ave., on 8th. Phone 1062. Mrs. Edwin Wright. 3-31-21*

FOR RENT—For summer, 5 room furnished modern house, garage, on pavement, close in. Reasonable rent. Phone 1102-W. 3-30-31*

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Dresser and two iron beadsteads. Phone 411. 3-31-21*

FOR SALE—50 egg incubator and brooder. \$10 buys both. Phone 88-W. 3-31-21*

FOR SALE—High grade player piano only \$375. Bishop, Phone 456-31-16.

LOST

LOST—A yellow Collie dog, breast and front feet white, wearing collar and ring, answers to Mack, liberal reward. Phone 9503-F 14. Mrs. B. E. Herrin. 3-30-31

MISCELLANEOUS

Clerks, Railway Mail, 18-35. Examination May 3. \$133 per month. Experience unnecessary. For free particulars, write R. Terry (former Civil Service examiner) 1278 Barrister Bldg., Washington, D. C. 3-30-21*

The costliest radio set in the world was recently exhibited at a radio show held in New York City. It has eight tubes and gold plated wires.

Legal Notices

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Oklahoma:

In the matter of HUNT & SON, M. L. HUNT, Sr. and M. L. HUNT, Jr. Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy. No. 1776

NOTICE OF SALE

To the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt:

You are hereby notified that T. J. Chambliss, Trustee herein, of Ada, Oklahoma, will, on Wednesday, April 9, 1924, at 1:30 o'clock a. m., offer for sale and sell in lots or in parcels or in whole, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the former place of business of the above named bankrupt in the town of Vanoss, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt. A general description of the property to be sold, with approximate invoice, is as follows:

Men's, women's and children's shoes \$653.95

Dry goods, hats and notions 375.84

Groceries 164.85

Hardware 313.94

Fixtures 21.66

Notes and accounts 299.10

Two (2) notes of M. L. Hunt, Jr. 51.98

sold to be subject to confirmation by the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated at McAlester, said District, this the 28th day of March, 1924.

GEO. F. CLARK, Referee in Bankruptcy

Notice of Sale of Oil and Gas Lease

State of Oklahoma,

County of Pontotoc, ss.

Probate No. 2381.

IN THE COUNTY COURT.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of an order of the county court of Pontotoc county, state of Oklahoma, made and entered on the 28th day of March, 1924, the undersigned guardian will offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder an oil and gas mining lease on Friday, the 4th day of April, 1924, at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described lands situated in Pontotoc county, state of Oklahoma, to-wit:

Northeast quarter of Northeast quarter of Northeast quarter and West half of Northeast quarter of Northeast quarter and West half of Northeast quarter and North half of Southeast quarter of Northwest quarter of section 22, Township 4 north, range 4 east, containing 130 acres.

Said oil and gas lease will be sold on the following terms and conditions, to-wit: Cash in hand upon confirmation by the court.

Said sale to be held in the county

CANADIAN SHRINE DRAWS THOUSANDS SEEKING CURES



Thousands winding in line to visit St. Joseph's Oratory at Montreal, Canada.

Miraculous cures are attributed to healing powers exerted at the oratory of St. Joseph's on the slopes of Mount Royal,

in Montreal, Canada, and thousands are journeying to the shrine in hope of obtaining relief for ailments. In one day

25,000 persons visited it. On St. Joseph's day, six "cures" were reported, one of them being that of a young man blind since infancy.

Unitarians to Hold Centenary

BOSTON, March 30—Rev. Henry Wilder Foote, secretary of the centenary commission of the American Unitarian Association, has sailed for Europe to complete arrangements with a number of distinguished scholars and liberal leaders to come to this city for the celebration in May, 1925, of the centennial of the organization of the association.

In addition to the principal meetings here, there will be special gatherings in different parts of the United States and Canada.

Winter Racing Kills 18 Horses

LONDON.—There has been an unprecedented number of fatalities recently in horse racing over hurdles.

Let a News Want Ad get it.

les and in steeplechasing, due very largely to the slippery ground after overnight frosts.

During a recent period of 18 days 11 horses were killed while participating in races at various meetings, one being the steeplechase "Southampton" worth \$10,000. There were two cases in which horses slipped and broke their necks, one a broken back and others so badly injured they had to be shot. Curiously the jockeys in each case were not injured at all.

**RED CROSS
BALL BLUE**
No blue Monday if you use
RED CROSS BALL BLUE.
ALL GROCERS.

Business Directory

F. R. LAIRD
DENTIST
Office Phone 886 — Res. 539
Office in Shaw Building—Room 2
Ada, Okla.

Glasses Fitted Lenses Duplicated

Dr. Blanche Brashears
Optometrist
123 West Main Ada, Okla.
Telephone 233

ISHAM L. CUMMINGS
PHYSICIAN
SURGEON
X-Ray Laboratory — Rollow Bldg.

F. C. SIMS
INSURANCE
Real Estate, Fire and Tornado Insurance

A share of patronage is solicited and will receive prompt attention; office in I. O. O. F. Building, 105 East Main Phone 610

Insurance, Farm and City Loans.

CRISWELL
AMBULANCE SERVICE
Licensed Lady Embalmer
Phone 618—201-203 East Main

ADA TRAIN SCHEDULE
M. K. & T.
EAST
No. 15—Lv. Daily 11:19 a. m.
No. 13—Lv. Daily 10:50 p. m.

WEST
No. 14—Lv. Daily 5:15 a. m.
No. 16—Lv. Daily 4:30 p. m.

SANTA FE
EAST
No. 446—Ar. Daily 11:40 a. m.
(Stops Here)
WEST
No. 445—Lv. Daily 12:20 p. m.

FRISCO
NORTH
No. 510—Lv. Daily 12:30 p. m.
No. 512—Lv. Daily 5:15 p. m.
No. 118—Lv. Daily 3:33 a. m.

SOUTH
No. 117—Lv. Daily 12:46 a. m.
No. 511—Lv. Daily 12:30 p. m.
No. 507—Ar. Daily 7:35 p. m.

JOHN GARDNER, Secretary

USED CARS

All Models on Hand

Touring Cars

Roadsters

Coupes

Trucks

All these cars are in good condition and can be bought right.

TERMS

W. E. Harvey
Fordson Ford Lincoln
Service Always
Phone 696



GOING, GOING, GONE! Thru "Mr. Want Ad Page"

Talking about fast turnovers of merchandise or other property we've yet to see the medium that has anything on "Mr. Want Ad Page." If you're interested in buying or selling, you'll find satisfaction in listing your desire with this result producing administrator of wants.

RESULTS COUNT

ADA EVENING NEWS

Demand for American Goods Grows Steadily in Germany

(By the Associated Press)

BERLIN.—American made products such as typewriters, adding machines, machine tools, automobiles, hardware and similar products are greatly in demand among the German importers, according to reports of the American Chamber of Commerce in Germany.

"In addition to these industrial products, agricultural products are also desired," says the report. "American apples, for example, find a ready market in Germany, and also grain, flour and canned goods in large quantities than imported at present. It is generally hoped in German trade circles that the new commercial treaty between the United States and Germany will remove some of the existing barriers and open the way to a free exchange of merchandise."

Try a Want Ad for results.

Branscome's GROCERY & MARKET

787 PHONE 788

Post Toasties 2 boxes	25c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes 2 boxes for	25c
Puffed Wheat and Puffed Rice, 2 boxes	25c
No. 2 Tomatoes, Corn, Kraut and No. 2½ Hominy per can	10c
16 oz. bottle Quail Brand Catsup	25c
Canned Apricots per 1 gallon can	65c
2 pounds of Prunes for	25c
2 pounds of Dried Peaches	25c
2 pounds of Dried Apricots	25c
Crisco, 6-pound Pail	\$1.35
Mazola Cooking and Salad Oil, per quart	75c
Wesson Cooking and Salad Oil, per quart	65c
Palm Olive Toilet Soap, 3 bars	25c
Scotch-Tone Vegetable Soap, 3 bars	25c
Wapeco Flour, soft wheat, 48- pound sack	\$2.15
Climax, hard wheat Flour, 48-lb. sack	\$1.65

Our phone is on the other end of yours. Our delivery trucks are waiting to bring your order. Call us!

If your credit is good with the Retail Merchants Association, it's good here.

The Revolution of 1893

(Address of Melville E. Stone, at Minneapolis, February 15, 1924)

When in this country, we speak of the Revolution, of course we refer to the contest which began at Concord Bridge and ended at Yorktown. As a result of that revolution our fathers founded a Republic, based on the principle that all governments should derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. It was admittedly an event of very great importance. Its influence swept back over the seas, inspired the French revolution and in the end broke down one autocracy after another and gave parliamentary sovereignty to many states.

Little more than a century later there was another revolution in our land, which seems to me to have been also of distinct consequence. It was a logical complement of the embattled farmers of the colonies. Yet, to this second revolution little heed has been paid and few people have any idea of its existence, its purposes or its effect. Permit me to say something of it. While the revolution against George III went to the question of our political system, it was a corollary of the principle of self-government by the people of the country that the people should be informed to the end that they could form intelligent opinion respecting their civic duties. Hence, the obvious demand for a free press. This demand had been voiced in England two centuries before and on the formation of our Republic after the surrender of Cornwallis, it was made the first clause in the Bill of Rights of our constitution. Yet, strangely enough, we did not achieve a free press for still another century. Government control of the press was universal throughout the world for many centuries and thru the first clause in our Bill of Rights was broken down in this country, but we did not appreciate that private control was no less malign than government control.

As I have said, if it were desirable that the governing populace of our Republic should be intelligent, it was all important that there should be an honest, impartial news service. The gathering and distribution of news, however, had been from the beginning under private control. In a systematic way it began about thirty years after the adoption of our constitution, but amounted to comparatively little until the invention of the telegraph by Professor Morse in the late forties. News was always a commodity to be bought and sold, and even after the invention of the telegraph the limited wires made it impossible to provide fully for the needs of the newspapers. Wherefore, a few of the New York journals organized a little company called The Associated Press gathered substantially all of the foreign news by meeting the incoming steamers in the New York harbor and all of the Washington news by utilizing the telegraph lines. This news they sold to the papers in the hinterland as these papers developed. It was a close corporation.

As time went on the newspapers in the back country increased, small tributary organizations were formed. There were the New England Associated Press, the New York State Associated Press, the Southern Associated Press, the Western Associated Press, and others. In 1892, this central group of few papers in New York passed under the control of three men—one a Chicago banker, another a telegraph operator, and the third a business manager of a New York paper. These men were responsible to no one and were bent only on money making. The menace was obvious. Not only were the newspapers dependent on the caprice or worse of these men, but away beyond that the public was subject to any sort of misinforma-

tion. As citizens, therefore, there was a problem far more important for the newspapers than any private interests they might have had. It was a problem which went, as you might see, to the very fundamentals of our form of government.

This was the immediate cause of the revolution of 1893. It began in Chicago. The newspapermen served by the Western Associated Press, mindful as well of the public duty as of their private interest, revolted against this sort of control. There followed a struggle of four years' duration. It was a bloodless contest, yet none the less revolutionary. The Western men set out to form an independent organization, refusing any arrangement with subordinate associations. It was to be an association that should wrest the whole business from the hands of profiteers and place it in the hands of a purely cooperative organization—an organization that should sell no news, make no profits, declare no dividends, but should be the agent or joint reporter of its members. It was believed that if the people of the country were capable of self-government, a presentation of the facts would enable them to form their own opinions. Therefore, any attempt to introduce opinions upon any event was forbidden. The Associated Press might tell the story of a robbery, but it was not permitted to say that it was wicked. If there were any departure from this rule, you must see that somebody's opinion would have to be presented, and the question naturally arises whose opinion. And what assurance did the public have that that opinion was a correct one?

It may be said that this policy meant that The Associated Press should see a great wrong and make no effort to prevent it, or that The Associated Press could do nothing to help along a good cause. The answer still remains that given the facts and the assumption that the people should be able to form their own judgment and that if an attempt was made to attach opinion to the statement of fact, owing to the frailties of human nature, it would lead to dangerous errors of judgment, which would be really disastrous. The expression of opinion respecting any facts presented by The Associated Press, is left to the newspapers receiving the service. It is there that it belongs.

There are about 1300 daily newspapers in the organization. They represent every conceivable point of view respecting politics, religion, economics. However prejudiced these members are, they are one in their desire and demand that the organization furnish unbiased news and do it as truthfully as human frailty will permit.

The privately owned organization went down in defeat and in bankruptcy in 1897. The wisdom of the plan of the founders of The Associated Press in refusing to deal with tributary or sectional organizations was then apparent. The bitterness growing out of our civil war had not altogether disappeared. But when, under the revolutionary body, the Yankee editor and the rebel editor met they saw that neither was as bad as had been believed. While the Yankee held fast to his old time principles, as did the southern editor, they both learned that they could "hate the sin, but love the sinner." The Northerner came to see that our carpet bag rule in the reconstruction days was a sad mistake and while the Southerner may still have cherished his academic view as to the right of a state to secede, he recognized that the issue had been settled at Appomattox and he fully assented to the view that human slavery was a woeful mistake.

And so a year after the close of our revolutionary contest, Joe Wheeler, the gallant ex-rebel chief, marched side by side with his old-time Yankee opponents to do battle for the republic in the Spanish war. And in the great war of 1914 we went in as a united nation, knowing north, nor south, nor east nor west.

This, I believe, was largely the outcome of the revolution of 1893. As a feature of the organization, it was expected and desired that it should be the subject of criticism. It was the intention of those who founded this new association that in the phrase with which John Bright opened one of his great speeches in England, it should enjoy the "great advantage that it would have no want of ample criticism." It was controlled by a Board of Directors elected by the members and through all the years with which I have been associated with it, neither myself nor any other employee would have ever dared to favor or oppose any candidate for seat upon this Board of Directors. I know of no institution that has been so fully self-governed.

To those of us who have been engaged in the work, it seems strange that there should be any ignorance concerning it; any doubt as to either its usefulness of its integrity; or, indeed any such curiosity respecting it as to make it an interesting topic of consideration. All of its activities are carried on in the daylight, under a blazing sun. There are no secrets about it—in fact there can be none. The news which it furnishes to the newspaper membership is furnished in the phrase of R.M. Lincoln, "with malice toward none, with charity for all." Its good name, like that of any man or institution, has been fairly earned. There has been no trick about the business. For over thirty years Directors have come and gone, have lived and led. They have been of every conceivable religious, political and economic affiliation. Yet all of them have borne their part in the effort to make The Associated Press worthy of public confidence as a source and distributor of truthful and unbiased news. Every man who has sat on its Board and has participated in its management can look you full in the face and tell you that there has ever been a painstaking endeavor to

overlook the credit line or it may be there is no credit line, and he assumes that it is an Associated Press telegram and at once charges us with the responsibility for it. Of course his charge is unintentionally unjust. Again the accusation has been made respecting the condition of Lenin, the Bolshevik leader, that The Associated Press announced his death half a dozen times before it actually occurred. Well, the fact is that The Associated Press from time to time said the Berlin Tagblatt reported the death of Lenin, or it may be that the Secolo of Milan reported it. In each case the statement of The Associated Press dispatch was not that Lenin was dead, but that somebody said he was dead and that somebody was always given as our authority.

Attacks have been freely aimed both at its form of organization and its methods of operation. For instance, it is openly charged by an officer of the Ku Klux Klan that it is controlled by Jewish influence or that it is pro-Vatican in the tendency of its news service. It can hardly be necessary for me to say that I am neither a Jew nor a Catholic. On both my father's and my mother's sides I come from a long line of Methodists. My father was a Methodist minister, as was his brother, the Rev. David Stone, who spent his last years as a member of a Minnesota Conference. And John Wesley, in his day, preached in the barn of my mother's grandfather, Robert Creighton, in Cavan, Ireland. Read Mr. Wesley's diary and you will see that he says so. And in the picture of Mr. Wesley's deathbed, often found in a Methodist home, the Rev. James Creighton, my great uncle, stands holding the hand of the dying founder of the denomination.

While I trust everyone connected with the organization approves the first article in the Bill of Rights adopted by our forefathers assuring freedom of worship in this country, and while in the past thirty years at least five directors have been elected every year—the Board consisting of fifteen members—it happens that one Jewish gentleman alone is or ever has been a member of the Board. That gentleman is Mr. Adolph S. Ochs of the New York Times, whose standards in journalism must be approved by every right-minded citizen. And as to the Catolic affiliation of members, in all the thirty years, I think it is true that there never have been more than two members of the Catholic church on the Board at any time and not half a dozen altogether. I am making this statement not because anybody that I know of has ever undertaken to determine the religious beliefs of the members of the Board as a ground for judging their qualification, but as an illustration of the false charges made against the institution.

One Sunday morning in a Methodist church in New York I was asked to speak on The Associated Press. Before I finished, I said I should be pleased to answer any inquiry. A man arose and amazed me by asking what control John D. Rockefeller and J. P. Morgan exercised over The Associated Press. When I replied that neither Mr. Rockefeller nor Mr. Morgan had or had ever had slightest control or connection, he added to my amazement, by the statement that he was a lawyer with an office in Wall Street and that he had always supposed that these two men owned the Associated Press and that he had often told his friends that they did.

On the other hand, on one occasion a Rochester paper failed to publish an Associated Press dispatch respecting an ecumenical council of the Catholic church. A Catholic priest of Rochester wrote me that he supposed because of my Methodist propensities I had suppressed any account of the meeting. I replied that "our papers" (meaning those we served) were free to publish or discard any of our dispatches to which the poor gentleman came back with the statement "You say they are your papers. As you own them, why can't you make them print the dispatches?"

As I have said, many of the criticisms are born of ignorance of the facts. For instance, a man reads something in a newspaper and either



The Ever Popular Strap Pump

We are showing some new, strap Pumps with 14-8 Spanish heels that are a delight to see. Smart styles in patent, kid, suede and satin.

\$6.50 to \$10

Billiken Pumps and Sandals

\$5.00

New Shades in Allen A Chiffon Hose

\$2.00

WILSON'S
ADA. OKLA.
WILSON~LAIN~CHILCUTT

W. H. BRENTS ANNOUNCES FOR COM. DISTRICT NO. 3

W. H. Brents, who has served from two terms as county commissioner from District No. 3 in the past is announcing his candidacy for the office in this issue of The News.

Mr. Brents is well known to the voters of his district. Having served two terms he has come to know them and they have learned that he is a conscientious and trustworthy official. He is a successful farmer as well as community builder.

The candidate will make the race on his past record and his knowledge of the county's affairs and the problems that must be faced in highway construction. He believes he knows the condition as well as any man in the county and wants to let the county get the benefit of this knowledge.

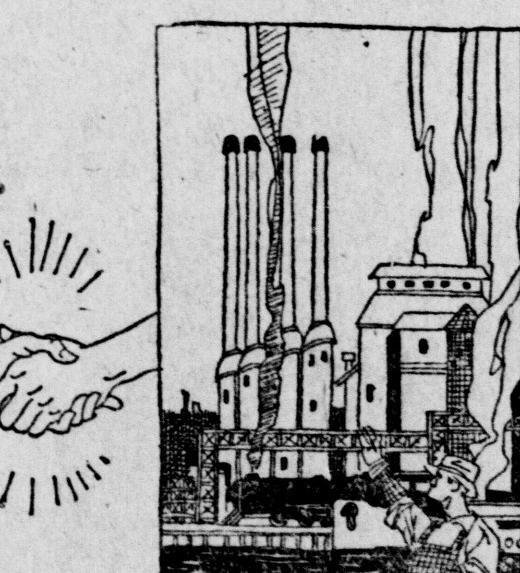
He may have more to say from time to time.

Robert E. Lee's birthday is observed as a holiday in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia.

Let a News Want Ad get it.

60c and \$1.20 bottles of King's Discovery sold by

Gwin & Mays Drug Store



Bring Us Your Power Problems

WHENEVER YOU WISH TO PURCHASE a commodity or utilize a service, you go to the individual or agency best equipped by experience to serve your needs. This, you say, is the logical procedure.

WHEN YOU ARE ILL, you consult a physician; when you need money, you talk with your banker.

FOLLOW THAT LINE of reasoning when you are faced with some problem of the application of

Power

to your business, in your store or at your home; bring it to us for solution. We are specialists in power service.

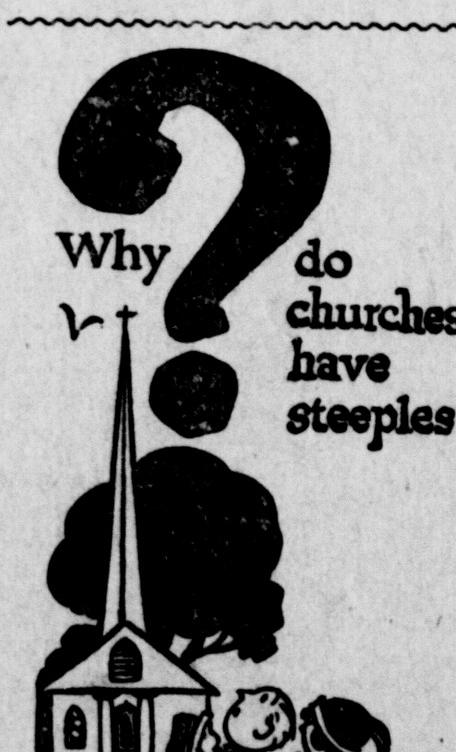
OUR COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT is here to serve you. Long experience and the careful study of a wide variety of situations involving the use of power have qualified our engineers to pass on to you the benefits of their comprehensive research work.

A phone call or request by letter will bring, without obligation on your part, a competent commercial engineer for an interview. Let us tell you how to utilize electric service to the fullest extent.

OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

O. L. AND P. DIVISION
N. I. Garrison, Manager

Courteous, personal attention to every customer



because architects of the Middle Ages topped their churches with lofty spires to suggest a lifting-up of the spirit. Modern science lifts

Puretest Mineral Oil Russian Type to a higher standard than that which is recommended by the Government.

Puretest Mineral Oil is odorless, colorless, tasteless—the ideal lubricant in cases of faulty elimination. It quickly softens the food waste and is thorough and complete in action.

One of 200 Puretest preparations for health and hygiene. Every item the best that skill and care can produce.

Gwin & Mays Drug Co.
The Reliable Store.

McCARTY BROS.
116 South Townsend

Shark Loses in Battle With Launch in Fiji Island Waters

SUVA, Fiji Islands.—An attack on a launch by a giant shark is described by Arthur Robinson. He said he was enroute from

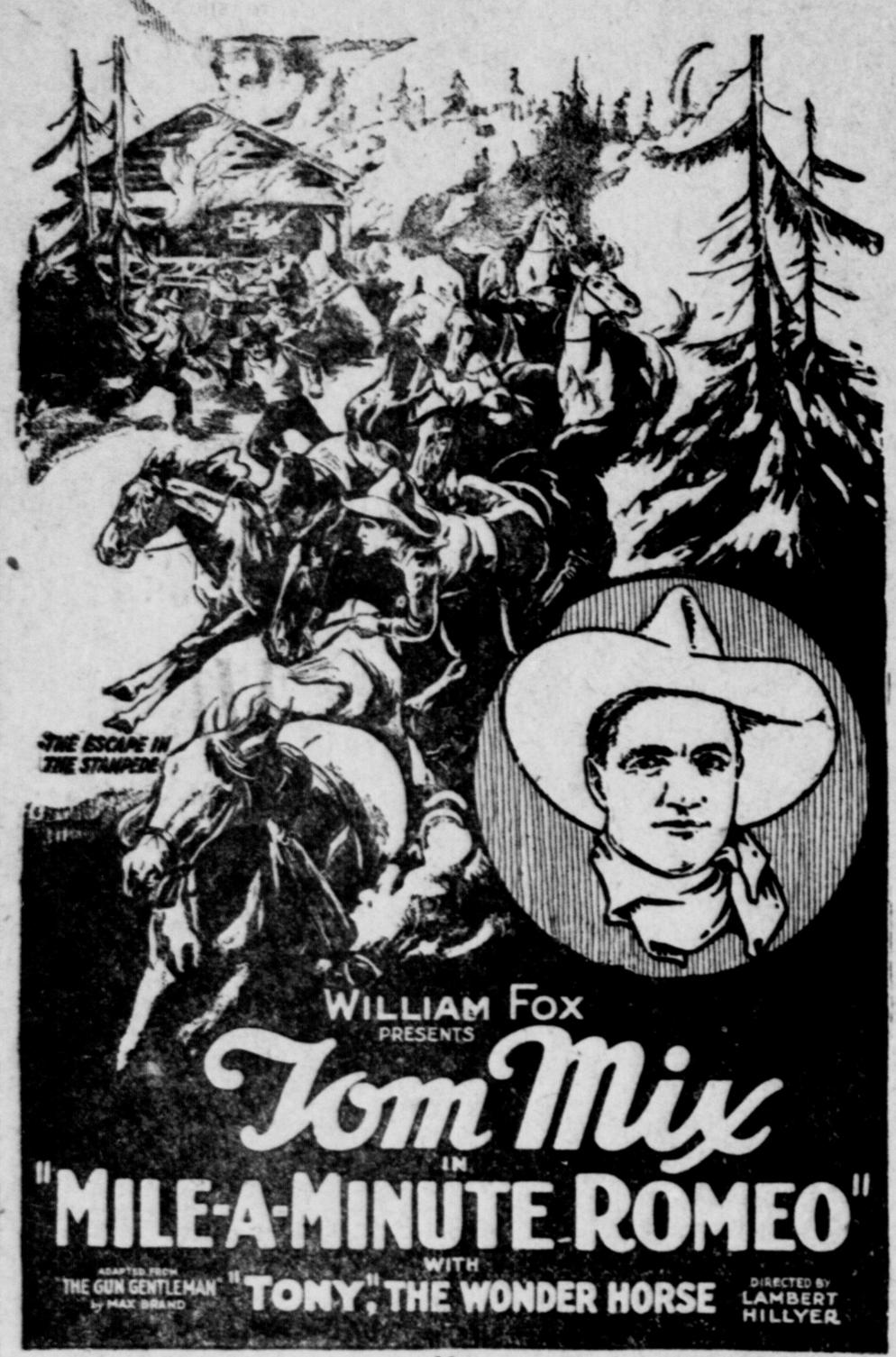
Lautoka to Yasawas, in Fiji waters, when his small launch struck heavily against something.

"I first thought we had hit a reef," he related, "but could not understand it, as we were in deep water. A minute afterwards came another bang and a great thudding under the stern. I looked over the side and saw big shark with his head and mouth in ribbons. He must have gone for a feed off the propeller. It had killed him. He simply rolled round and round like a corkscrew and went straight down till out of sight."

KI-MOIDS
QUICK RELIEF
For INDIGESTION

THEATER AMERICAN THEATER

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY



WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS
Tom Mix in
"MILE-A-MINUTE ROMEO"
ADAPTED FROM THE GUN GENTLEMAN BY PAUL SHARON
WITH TONY THE WONDER HORSE DIRECTED BY LAMBERT HILLIER

Also WILLIAM DESMOND AND EILEEN SEDGWICK
—IN—
"THE BEASTS OF PARADISE"

And Stan LAUREL in "MOTHER'S JOY"
Fast fun for all the family—Pathe Comedy.
ADMISSIONS ONLY 10c and 25c

COMING MONDAY

"ON THE BANKS OF THE WABASH"

James Morrison, Burr McIntosh, Mary Carr,
Mary McLaren and Madge Evans.

ALL NATIONS MARCHING TO ARMAGEDDON

but—"millions now living will never die."

Judge Rutherford.

The World faces a condition never before experienced. Fear has taken hold upon all classes of people because they see in a measure the things coming upon the earth. The nations are in distress and perplexity.

The War did not make the world safe for democracy. The very foundations of civilization are now shaken by revolution, labor strikes, official lawlessness, profiteers, Bolshevism and anarchy.

Both capital and labor are resorting to extreme measures. The common people have lost confidence in their leaders. The clergy have abandoned the Word of God and joined hands with big business and big politicians in an attempt to control the world, and these are opposed by radical forces.

Europe is completely bankrupt, with her restless host of unemployed and discontents hourly increasing. Belligerent organizations are rapidly numbering their men and taking account of their strength. All contending forces are hastening to the great battle of Armageddon. The disaster resulting is beyond the description of human words. But let the people take heart. The Lord will cut short the trouble, bring order out of chaos, establish peace and righteousness; and millions of people now living will become obedient to his order of righteousness and will live on the earth forever in peace and happiness.

You are urgently invited to hear a lecture on this remarkable subject by.

V. C. RICE, of Brooklyn, New York
SUNDAY, JANUARY 13, 1924

At Convention Hall, 2:30 p.m.

Seats Free No Collection

Please be on time

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & May's.

J. B. Prim is locating a new grocery store on South Townsend.

Exide Battery Sales and Service Phone 1004. Ada Service & Filling station. 9-5-tf.

Eat at the American Cafe. 1-11-1mo.

The Durant basketball team left at noon for Shawnee after playing here last night.

We will call for chickens. Ada Poultry and Egg Co. 1-11-1mo.

Suits cleaned and pressed \$1.00. H. Claude Pitt, phone 171. 1-8-tf.

A. C. Pickens of Allen was in Ada last night for the basketball game.

Get your votes in for Pesagi Queen. Support Frances Case. She looks like a winner. 1-11-1t*

We buy second hand furniture paying best prices. Phone 438 Shelton Furniture Co. 11-9-tf.

The William Pegg home on East Twelfth has been sold to A. A. Lucas.

If you have used furniture for sale we want to buy it. Ada Trading Co. 206 West Main. Phone 1170. 1-10-4t.

Be with the winners. Support Frances Case for Pesagi Queen. Contest closes Saturday night. 1-11-1t*

Dr. Tom Granger is taking an eight week's vacation, to supervise the construction of a new home.

Eat at the American Cafe. 1-11-1mo.

We will call for chickens. Ada Poultry and Egg Co. 1-11-1mo.

Mrs. Sadie Knotts was taken suddenly ill since noon and was taken to her home.

All Nations marching to Armageddon" by Rev. V. C. Rice at Convention Hall, Sunday. Everybody invited. No admission. 1-11-2t

Support Miss Frances Case for Pesagi Queen, Junior and Senior candidate. Contest closes Saturday night. 1-11-1t*

Robert Wilborn, a salesman, is attending the national convention of school furniture supply men.

Try the Red Ball Filling Station. 307 West Main. 24-hour service. Phone 54. 12-14-1mo.

ADA BUSINESS COLLEGE open five nights in week. Telegraphy, Bookkeeping, Shorthand \$2 per week. 1-8-3-mo.

T. E. Russell, 619 West Twelfth street, is confined to his home on account of sickness this week.

Eat at the American Cafe. 1-11-1mo.

WHEN YOU EAT BUTTER THINK OF CHOCTAW MIXED FEED. 1-10-3t.

T. B. Blake, who has been ill for the past week, is reported to be improving.

Russell Battery Co., Willard Service and Sales. Phone 140. 8-6-1m

Hear V. C. Rice on subject "All Nations Marching to Armageddon" at Convention Hall, Sunday, Jan. 13 at 2:30. 1-11-2t

Rev. J. A. Grimes will fill his regular appointment at Pickett Sunday morning and night.

A. W. Oliver of the firm of Oliver and Nettles who has been on the sick list for the past week is reported much better today.

Headquarters for bicycle tires. Ada Service and Filling Station. 1-8-1mo

The Ladies Aid of the First Christian church will hold a food sale Saturday at Coffman, Bobbitt & Sparks, beginning at 1:30 p.m. 1-10-2t

Commodore Sutherland, who has been working in the oil fields near Arkansas City, Kansas, is visiting with relatives here.

Motor Sales Co., parts and accessories for all cars. 4-11-1t

Why freeze, when you can pad a 3 lb. quilt for 30 cents. Ada Cotton Oil Mill. The home of Chocaw Mixed Feed. 1-4-6t.

Misses Ovas Potts and Billie James are leaving today for Shawnee to spend the week-end with friends.

Who sells Federal Tires. Thee Square Deal. 11-12-1tf

Mohawk Tires, Oliver & Nettles. 12-10-1mo*

William Pegg and family left Wednesday afternoon for Palm Beach, California, where his family will remain indefinitely.

We buy second hand furniture. Shelton Furniture Co., phone 438.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. West of Winston, Mo., who have been touring the west will arrive here today to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hicks.

HERE'S ANOTHER HANDSOME COAT



An unusually handsome and ornate coat is shown in this illustration. It is made of one of the dark, soft pile materials and has huge collar, cuffs and bandings of mole. Gold embroidery also enriches the appearance, being effectively placed on cuffs, waistline and bottom.

Try the Red Ball Filling Station. 307 West Main. 24-hour service. Phone 54. 12-14-1mo.

Mrs. H. C. Thompson will return Friday evening from Longview, Texas where she has been visiting her mother Mrs. Pegues, while away she also visited her daughter Mrs. Joe Napier of Vernon, Texas, during the Christmas holidays.

McCartys Bros., can fix that old tire or tube. Phone 855. 116-18 S. Townsend. 7-7-tf

We drain and wash your crank case free. Thee Square Deal Service and Filling Station. 10-3-tf

Rev. and Mrs. Blackburn, Revs. Crockett and Grimes, Mrs. J. C. Ray and J. L. Adair returned Thursday from Caddo where they attended the meeting of the district conference of the Methodist church. They report an excellent meeting with about 100 present and good interest manifested.

Did Christ Perform Miracles?

The above subject will be discussed at the morning hour at the First Baptist church. It is the fourth message in the series on the general subject, "Fundamentalism vs. Modernism." Large congregations have been hearing these messages and it is hoped to have another large audience to hear this one.

The Sunday school will begin at 9:45 and the B. Y. P. U. will hold their sessions at 6:30.

The evening hour of service begins at 7:30. The pastor will preach on the subject, "Within or Without." The public is cordially invited to attend all these services.

Girl Jumps to Death.

(By the Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Because her father reprimanded her for absence from school, Edith Schlenker, 14-year-old, jumped from the roof of her three-story Brooklyn home last night and killed herself. Passersby found the body.

NEGRO SECTION TO HAVE NIGHT SCHOOL ADVANTAGE

Supt. J. E. Hickman and Prof. W. B. Morrison met the patrons of the school for colored children Thursday night and launched a community school for the blacks.

W. E. Ross, principal of the school, and Bessie Perham, teacher, volunteered their services for night teaching, and twelve patrons agreed to take the work. Prof. Hickman says much of the illiteracy which exists in the city is in that part of the city.

SMITH URGES RELIEF IN FREIGHT TARIFF

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Senator Smith of South Carolina, Democratic chairman of the senate interstate commerce committee, declared in a statement today that all interested should co-operate to provide relief from the burden of excessive freight rates and that this applied with special emphasis to the "intolerable burden imposed under present rates on agriculture."

Nazarene Church.

A large attendance was had at the Thursday evening prayer meeting at the Nazarene church. Among those present were Reverend Ellis, Whitney, McCain, McAnnally, Woodward and several others. Rev. McAnnally led the service and many testified of being saved and sanctified. A very pleasant and profitable meeting was spent with these people. The average attendance of these meetings reach 50 persons.

J. W. WOODWARD, Reporter.

Brazil's population is 30,000,000.

Society

MRS. BYRON NORRELL, Editor
Phone 225 between 10 a. m. and 12 o'clock
Phone 227 between 2 p. m. and 8 o'clock

MUDD-HOLLOWAY
Miss Vera Holloway and Mr. William R. Mudd of Kansas City were united in marriage, on Jan. 5th, 1924, at that place. Mrs. Mudd is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holloway of Ada, and has lived here a number of years, during which time she has been very popular among the younger people. Mr. Mudd is a resident of Kansas City where he has made his home for the past ten years.

Mr. and Mrs. Mudd will make their home in Kansas City.

ANNOUNCEMENT RECEIVED OF MISS BARRY'S BETROTHAL

Cards were received in Ada yesterday announcing the coming marriage of Miss Grace Barry of Dallas, to Rev. Bertram L. Smith of the Saint Matthews Cathedral in Dallas, January 24th. They will make their home in Dallas for the present.

Miss Barry is the sister of Mrs. M. L. Lewis and has many friends in Ada who will be interested in the happy occasion.

St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal. 109 East 14th Street.

The Rev. Charles L. Widney in charge.

Early Sunday services at 8 a. m. Prayer and annual meeting of parish at 11 a. m.

The church committee and delegates to the convention will be elected. A full attendance is desired.

Listen to Navy Code.
(By the Associated Press)

BISBEE, Ariz., Jan. 11.—Fourteen hundred feet beneath the surface in the Junction mine here last night, a little group of electricians, radio fans and newspaper men listened for several minutes to wireless telegraph signals believed to have been sent in United States navy code.

Police Blotter Blank

The city police department reported this morning that the city residents walked without a quiver yesterday and consequently no arrests were made. Mayor Fisher considered this an unusual event for this period of the year.

Nagle Condition Serious

(By the Associated Press)
OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 11.—The condition of Patrick S. Nagle, socialist leader and adviser to Governor Walton, who recently was stricken with paralysis, was reported serious by the hospital today where he is confined.

Too Late To Classify

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 223 South Cherry. 1-11-2t*

Doing nothing is hard to stop.

Mc SWAIN

One Big Night

TONIGHT ONLY

L.B. HOLT KAMP
Presents
FAMOUS GEORGIA SMART SET MINSTRELS
28th ANNUAL TOUR

Two Big Attractions Combined in One

44—PEOPLE—44

including

ANNA JONES

World's greatest Premier

Bluse Singer.

Grand Street Parade 1 p.m.

Special Band Concert 7 p.m.

Seat Sale at THEATRE

Lower Floor 75¢ and \$1.00

Balcony 50¢ (Plus Taxx)

January Clearance of Suits and Overcoats

Tailored by Stein-Bloch, Fashion Park, Schloss and Shaw Specials



at 15.95 23.75 28.75

35.50 39